Promoting Low Carbon Vehicles

Green Fleet
25th September 2008
Jonathan Murray
Deputy Director, Low Carbon Vehicle Partnership



Low Carbon Vehicle Partnership

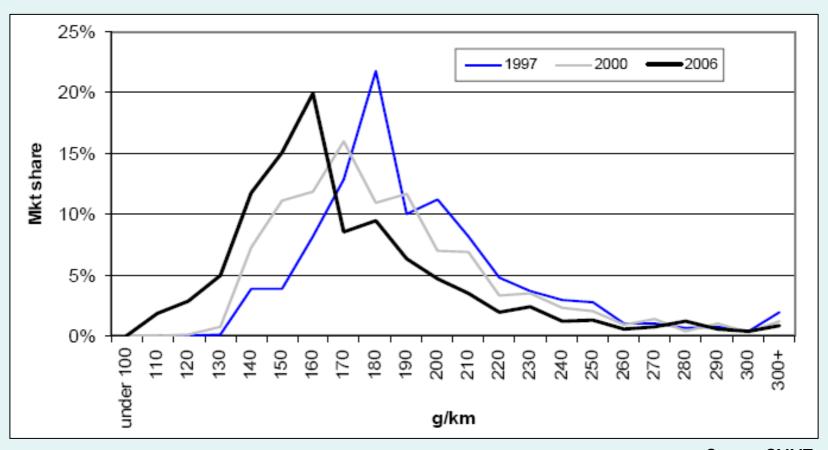
Accelerating a sustainable shift to low carbon vehicles and fuels in the UK

Stimulating opportunities for UK businesses





CO2 emissions from cars are reducing but not fast enough



Source: SMMT

Downsizing is a challenge to the current automotive business model



The King Review of low-carbon cars

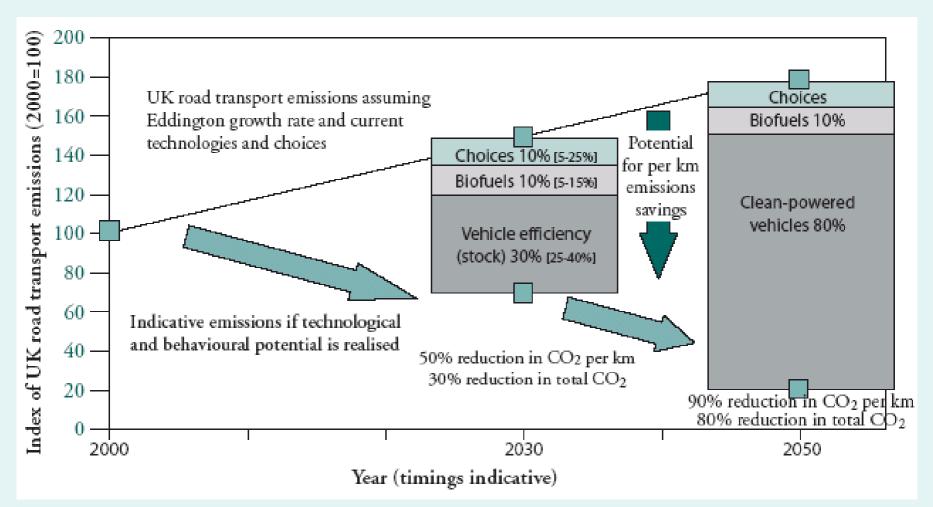
- Chancellor commissioned a Review in Budget 2007, led by Professor Julia King, working with Lord Nicholas Stern:
- □ Part I: the potential for CO₂ reduction was published in October 2007
 - significant reductions are possible in medium and long term
 - hybridisation important for coming years, electric vehicles for the long term. Sceptical about hydrogen.
- Part II: recommendations for action was published alongside Budget 2008
 - key areas reducing vehicle emissions, cleaner fuels, consumer behaviour and R&D







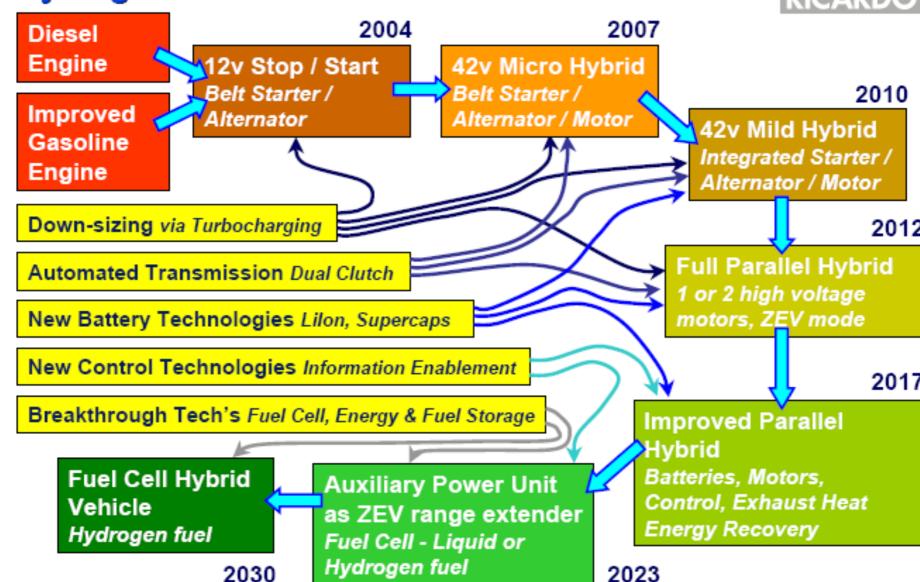
Part 1: set out the potential for CO₂ reduction Part 2: how it would be delivered



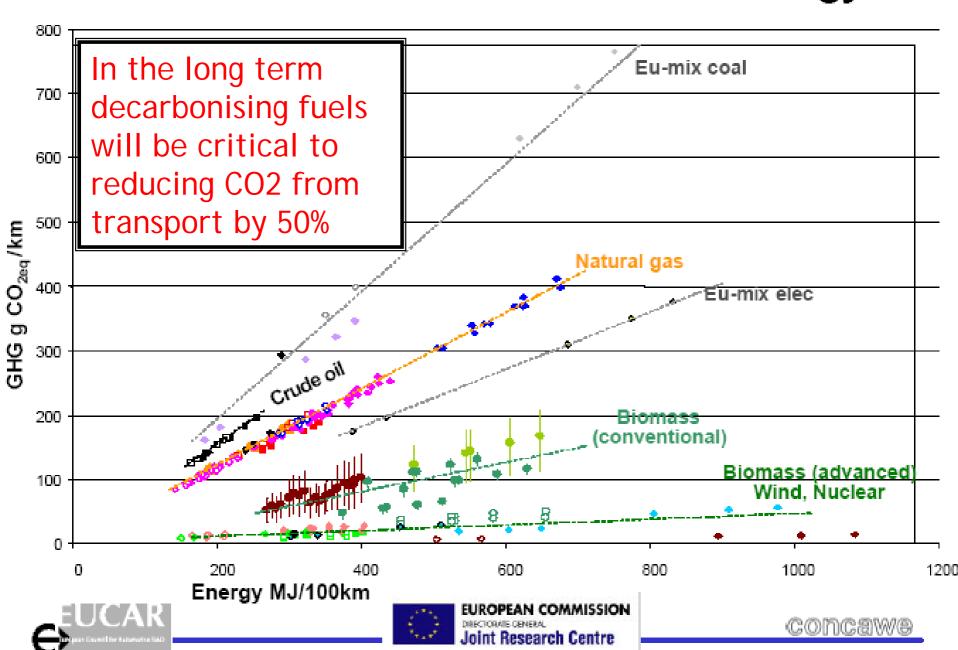


Hybrid powertrains offer a low carbon route to hydrogen Fuel Cell vehicles in the medium term





Overall Results – GHG Emissions vs. Energy Use



In the short term reductions in CO2 will be highly dependent on consumer choices

- Choosing cars: choosing 'best in class' can reduce emissions by 25%, while if people downsize the potential savings are even greater
 - Measures to improve consumer information are important
 - Fiscal incentives (such as VED) or local authority incentives (such as the London Congestion Charge) can encourage change
 - Government should also exemplify through its own procurement
- **Smarter driving**: more efficient driving can reduce emissions by 15%
 - Smarter driving should be promoted through the driving test and by training existing drivers
 - Appropriate dashboard technology, such as fuel economy meters, should be incorporated into vehicles
- **Smarter choices**: switching to alternative forms of transport and making fewer journeys can also make a difference
 - Personal and workplace travel planning can promote different choices
 - Car clubs can enable people to make more efficient use of cars



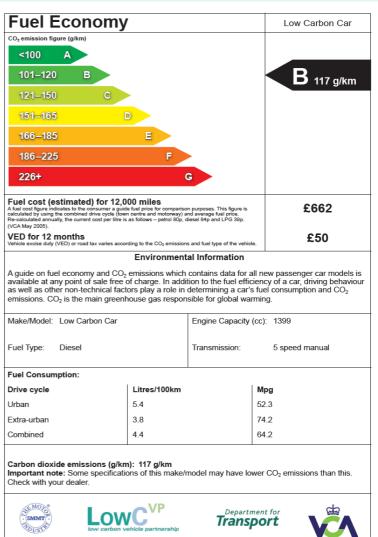
Information is available, over 91% of dealers now display the label

- Voluntary automotive industry initiative
 - Brokered by LowCVP
 - Launched in July 2005
 - Roll-out continues

	2006	2007	2008
Dealers displaying labels	74%	86%	91%
Dealers achieving Good Performance	-	61%*	77%
Cars labelled	55%	65%	82%

^{*} Good performance in 2007 was 75% labelled; in 2008 90%





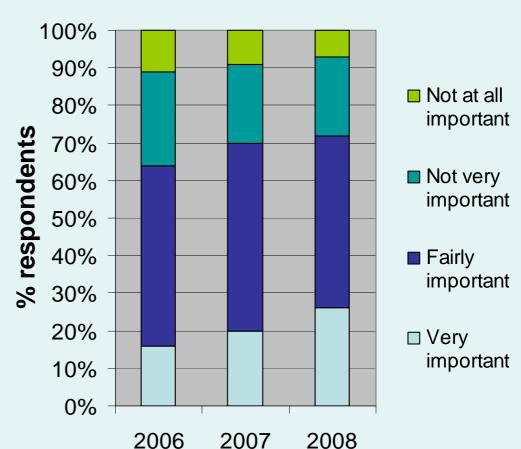
Source: LowCVP 2008, Car Dealer Survey

49% of car buyers are aware of the new car fuel economy label

- ■72% of car buyers say the information on the environmental label is important
 - 67% say that fuel cost is the most important information
- More than two thirds of respondents said it was important in helping them to choose the make and model of their car.
 - 46% said it was fairly important and 26% very important.
 - 64% knew the band within which their car fell.



How important, if at all, was the car label in helping you to choose the make or model of your car?



Source: LowCVP 2008, Car Buyer Survey

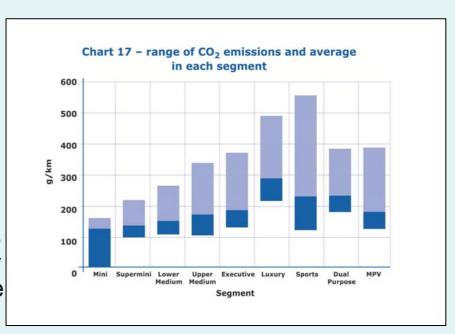
Best in class concept is missed

"I think it's more... it's cost effective in comparison to the bigger car. I think all small cars are the same; I don't think it's any different... to, you know, a smaller Audi or a smaller Corsa or anything like that; I think it's a small car. A small car is a small car."

Best-in-class concept is missed

- Buyers assume that all cars in the same class have roughly the same 'mpg'
- Buyers are not aware of or seeking best-in-class information
- ☐ It means once a ballpark mpg figure has been 'chosen', it drops out of focus and other things (safety, comfort, 'curry hooks', vanity mirrors ...) become more important

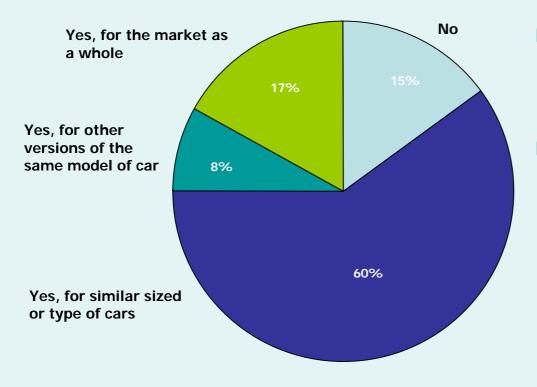
vehicle partnership



SMMT estimate new car CO2 would have been 139g/km in 2007 if car buyers had bought best in class

Car buyers interest in seeing comparative data especially in car dealerships

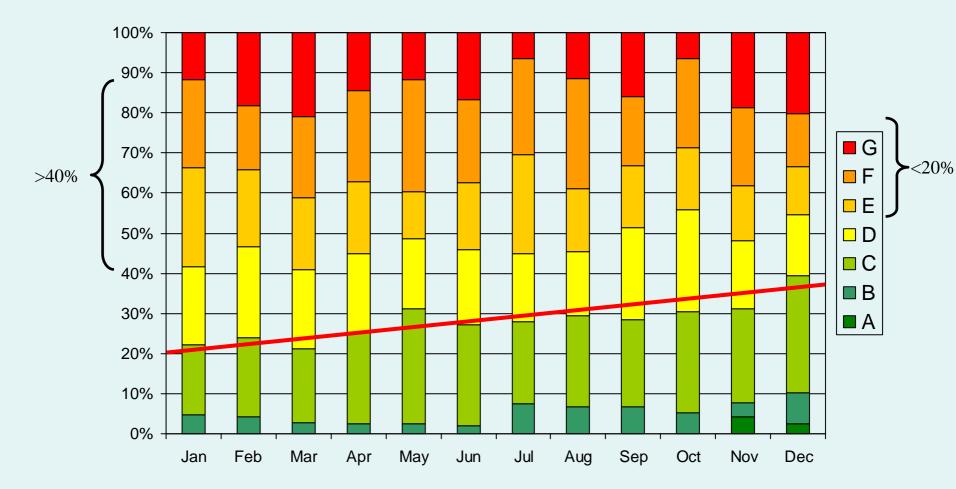
The majority are interested in seeing comparative data, with almost two thirds interested in information on similar sized or types of car to the one they are considering



- 73% of car buyers want to see comparative data in the car dealership
- Car buyers also wanted to see comparative data in sales brochures, manufacturer websites and Government websites.



Increasing advertising expenditure being used to promote low carbon cars





Source: Thomson Intermedia 2008, LowCVP car advertising survey 2007

CO2 data is increasingly being included in the body of the advert





12% of all messages in car advertising relate to climate change or fuel consumption





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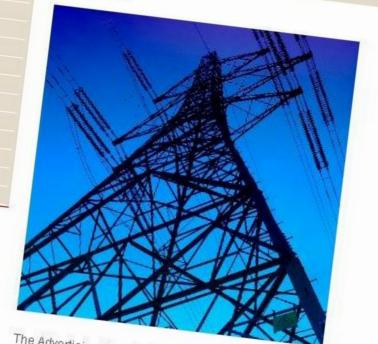
Privacy Policy Accessibility



Msit the CAP

ASA News

ASA gets tough on advertising green claims 26 June 2007



The Advertising Standards Authority (ASA) is warning consumers about advertising 'green' claims that turn out to be little more than hot air. Coinciding with the Trading Standards Annual Conference, where this issue is high on the agenda, the ASA is raising consumer awareness of misleading ads, reminding advertisers of the rules and why it is not always

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How to Complain Find out how to make a complaint

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A step-by-step guide to what ASA can offer you:

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A climate of change: environmentally friendly advertising claims on the

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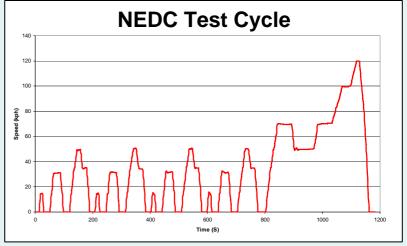
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Attention is turning to reducing CO2 emissions from commercial vehicles

- European Commission are to propose targets for fleet average van CO2 in the coming year
- Van data will become available in the UK in 2009
- SMMT developing guidance on using CO2 data in procurement
- LowCVP conducting research into how to define a low carbon van for application in;
 - Procurement
 - Policy formation







LowCVP is working with the bus industry to develop a low carbon bus specification, now adopted in Europe

Parameter	Requirement	
Tier 1 greenhouse gas carbon-dioxide equivalent performance	- 40% (minimum) c.f. Euro 3 equivalent bus on MLTB drive cycle See Table 1 for targets	
Tier 2 greenhouse gas carbon-dioxide equivalent performance	- 20% (minimum) c.f. Euro 3 equivalent bus on MLTB drive cycle See Table 1 for targets	
Gradeability (with maximum load)	10%	
Range / Endurance	250 miles / 400 km	
Range (zero emissions) - optional	4 miles / 6.4 km	
Drive-by noise performance (exterior)	80 dB(A) as per EU Directive	
Drive-by noise performance (interior)	As per current TfL requirements (data to be supplied)	
Air quality emissions	Reductions to be obtained on the MLTB drive cycle See Table 2 for targets	
Exhaust position (if appropriate)	Non near-side	
Refuelling	Once a day	
Construction & Use	EU Bus & Coach Directive 2001/85	
Life cycle assessment (LCA)	ISO 14000 series	



Source: STS Network, LowCVP

Government, business and the public are increasingly aware and responding to the challenge









Summary

- Reducing carbon emissions from transport is recognised to be costly and difficult
- In the long term achieving significant reductions will depend on decarbonising energy for transport
- ☐ In the medium term technology is capable of delivering up to 30% reductions in CO2
- Europe has introduced mandatory targets for average CO2 emissions for 2012
- Sales mix will need to adapt
 - Taxation
 - Information and labelling
 - Advertising and self regulation
- Opportunity to engage with corporate and private car buyers



The Low Carbon Vehicle Partnership

Tel: 020 3178 7860

Website: www.lowcvp.org.uk

Email: secretariat@lowcvp.org.uk

